Students

Enrollment growth between 2008-2009 to 2021-2022 has gone down by 9.7%.

Here are additional characteristics of students that go to Lynchburg City Schools, compared to the state overall.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Locality</th>
<th>State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>School-age children living in poverty</td>
<td>21.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English learners</td>
<td>2.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eligible for IDEA services</td>
<td>14.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eligible for free or reduced-price lunch</td>
<td>CEP</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Staffing

Compared to 2008-2009, staff per student has remained flat in Lynchburg City Schools.

- 119 fewer teachers and instructors
- 50 fewer support staff
- 5 more school counselors and librarians
- 14 more teacher aides
- 1 more principals and assistant principals

That’s 149 fewer staff overall, compared to 801 fewer students.

Funding

In Lynchburg City Schools, state direct aid per student has decreased by 2.3%, adjusted for inflation, since 2008-2009.

From 2008-09 to 2020-21, the state’s share of total funding has decreased.

Did you know…

- that a one-cent increase in Lynchburg’s property tax rate can raise about $561,300?
- that, in 2020-2021, Lynchburg invested 99.4% above what is required by localities in the state’s primary funding formula?